

COMMUNITY SOCIAL DYNAMICS & ADOPTION OF AGRICULTURAL INNOVATIONS



Ashiel Jumman
Prof C Bezuidenhout & Dr Mark Dent



University of
KWAZULU-NATAL

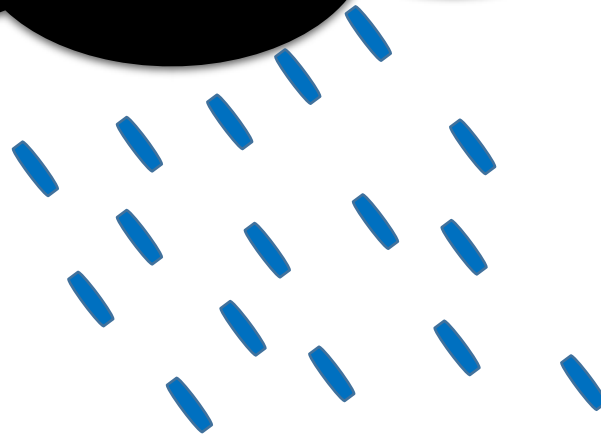
Road map

- Literature
- System Dynamics Model
 - Positive word of mouth
 - Negative word of mouth
- Model Simulation
- Conclusions

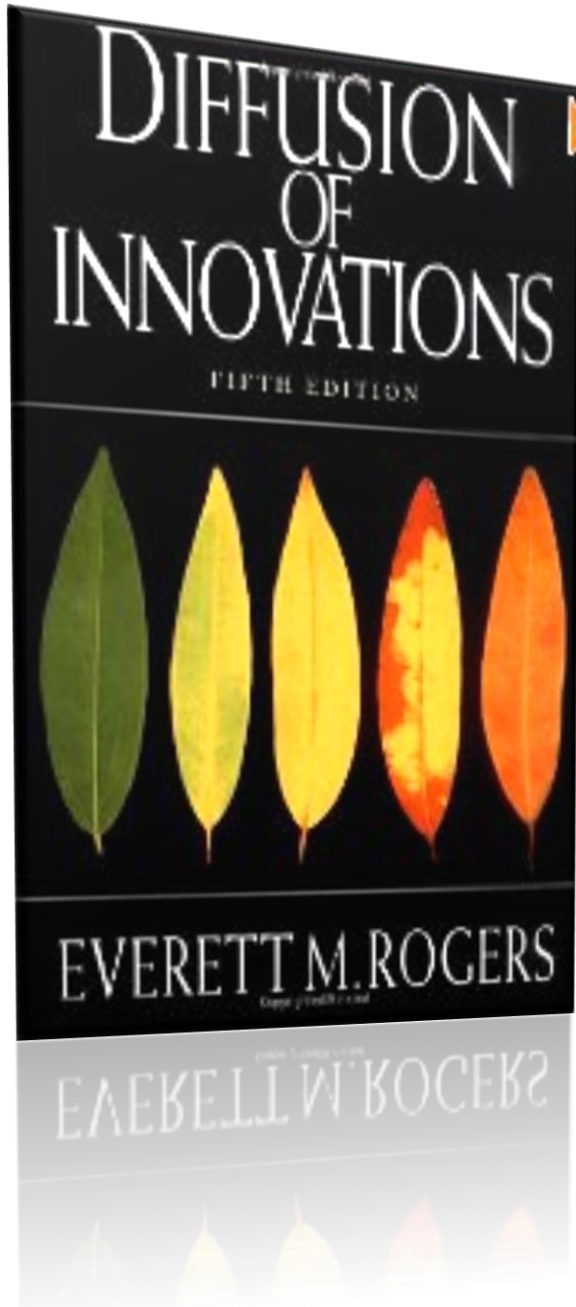
Climate Change

Mitigation

Adaptation



Behaviour
Change



Rural Sociology

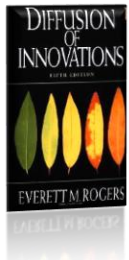
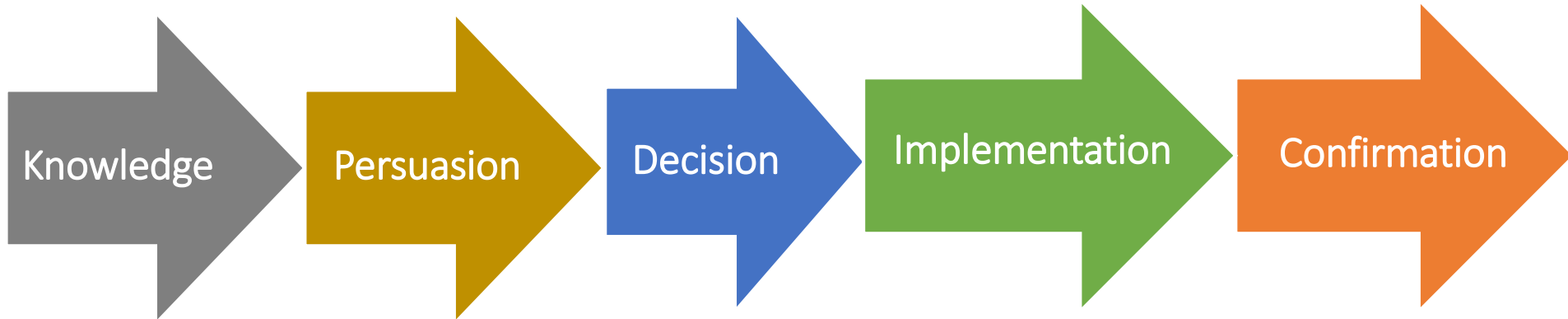
Diffusion of hybrid corn seed
amongst farmers in Iowa, USA
(*Ryan and Gross, 1943*)

Most pioneering and
influential study

1st Edition - 1962

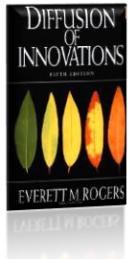
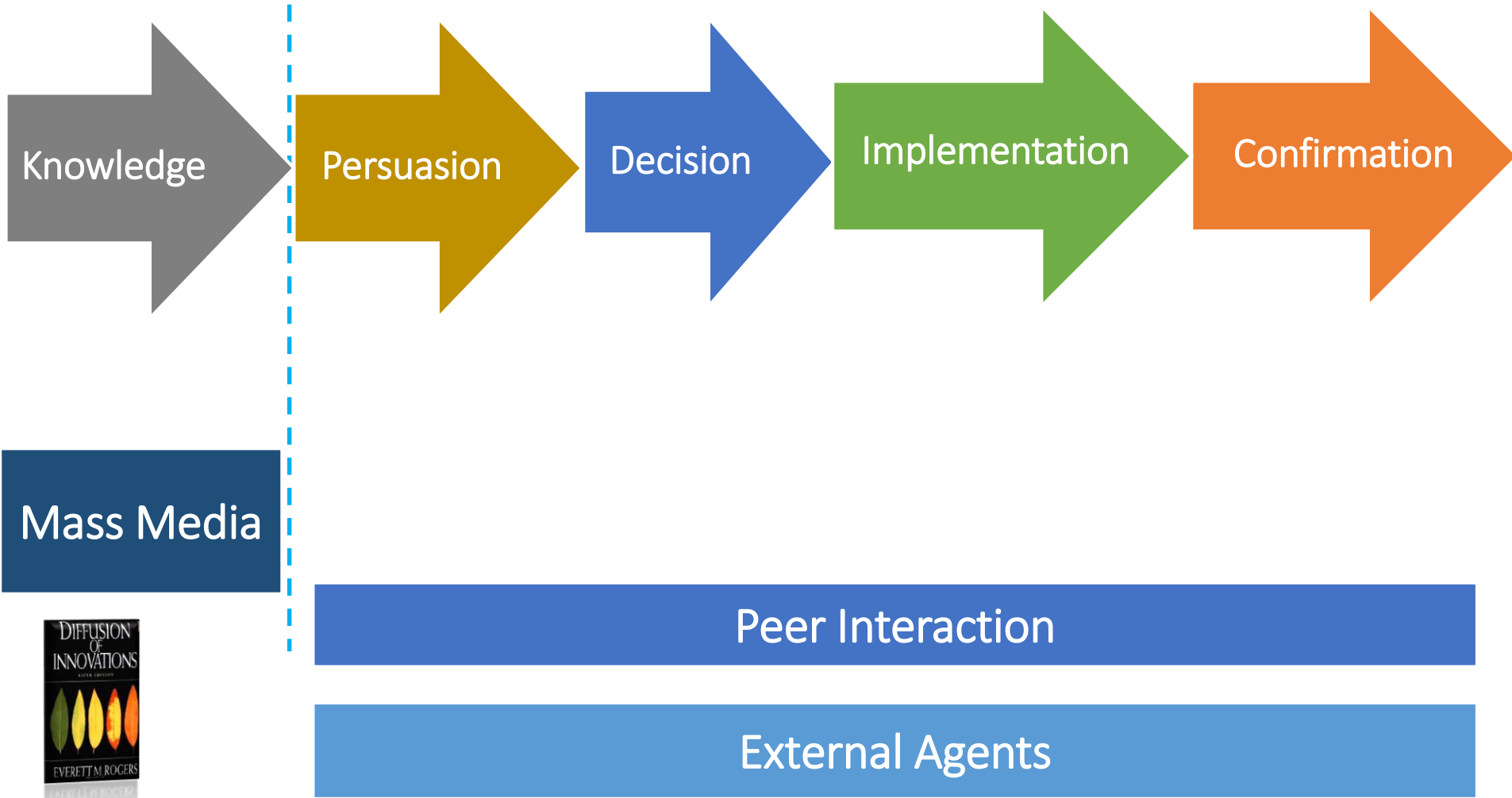
5th Edition - 2003

Stages in Adoption Process



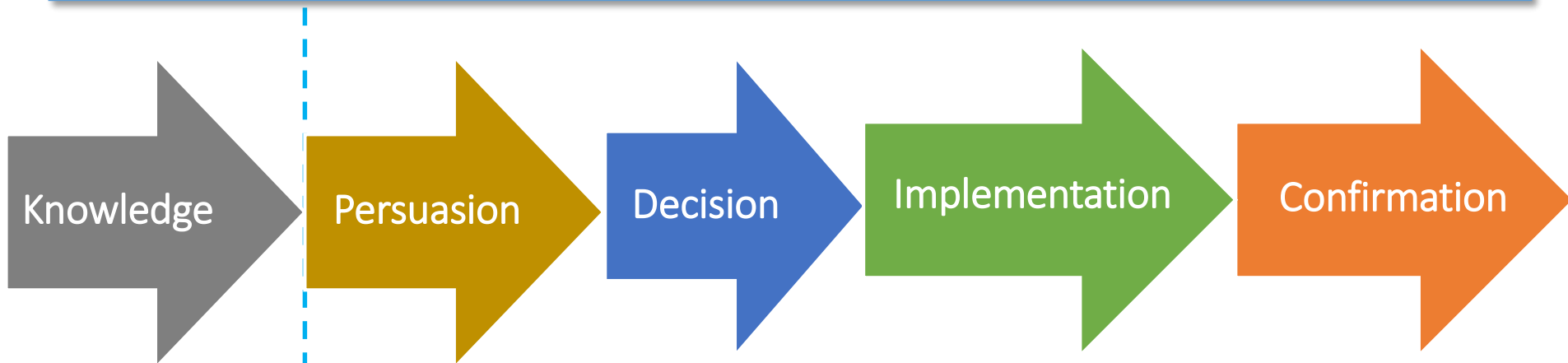
Rogers, 2003

Stages in Adoption Process



Rogers, 2003

Stages in Adoption Process

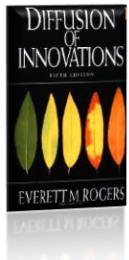


Mass Media

*“Most studies illustrate that individuals **do not** evaluate an innovation based on objective scientific studies.*

Instead, information from subjective evaluations is sought from other individuals similar to themselves, who may have already adopted the innovation”

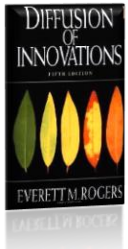
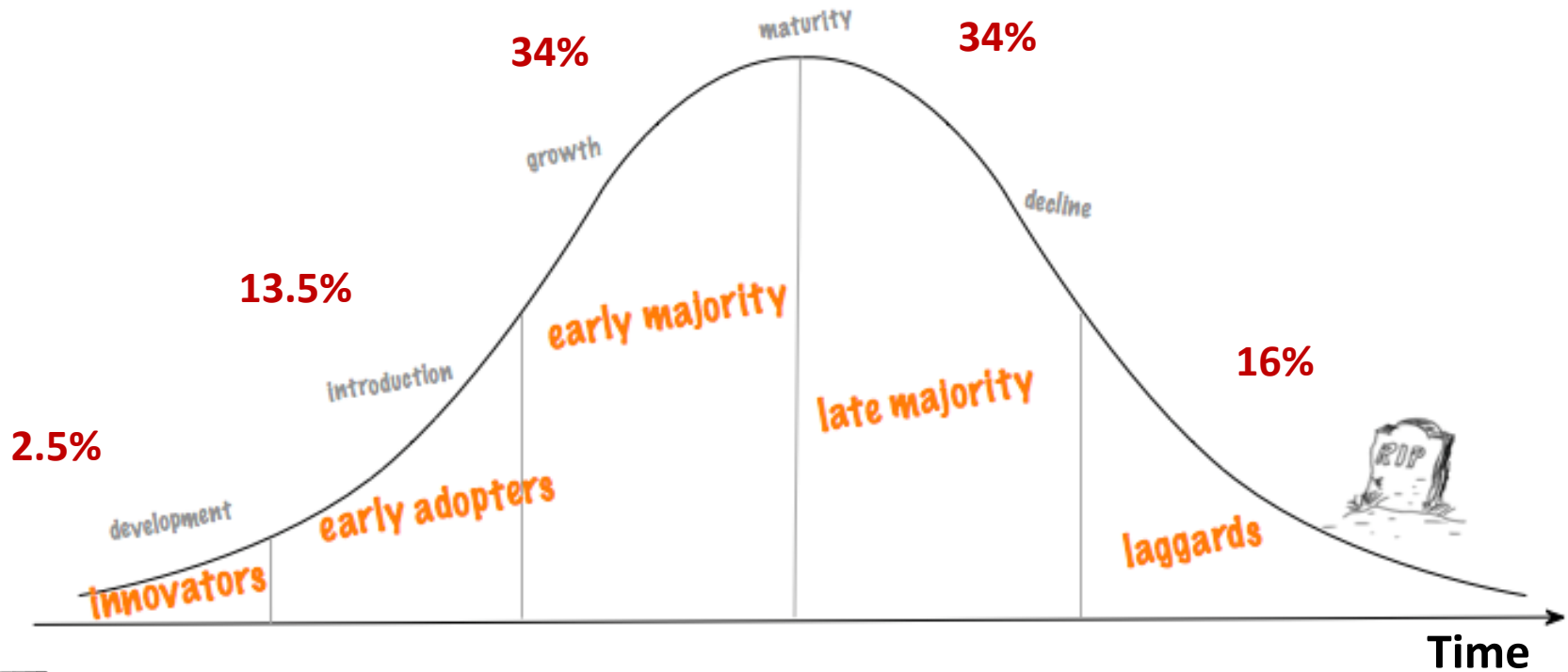
(Rogers, 2003)



Rogers, 2003

Logic versus Emotion

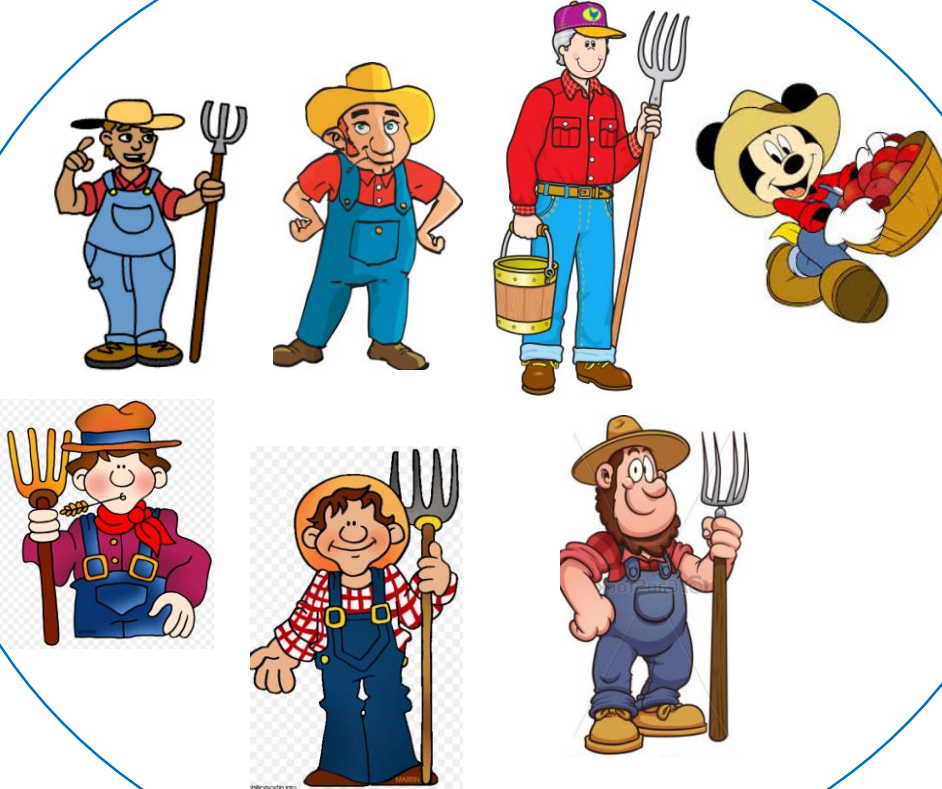
Social Structure



(Rogers, 2003)

Bass Diffusion Model

(Bass, 1969)



“Innovators”

“Imitators”

**Foundation
Mathematical
Model**

Farmer population

Epidemics Model

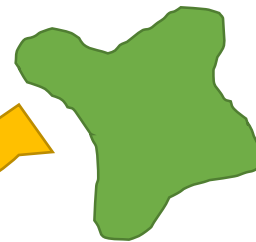
Depicting the sudden and rapid spread of contagious disease

(Geroskki, 2000)

Pool of infected



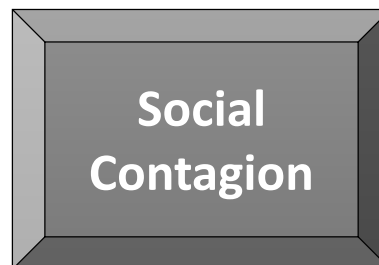
Spreading diseases



Uninfected

“Ideas, products, messages and behaviours spread like viruses do”

(Gladwell, 2000)



i.e. “contagious behaviour”

(Gladwell, 2000)

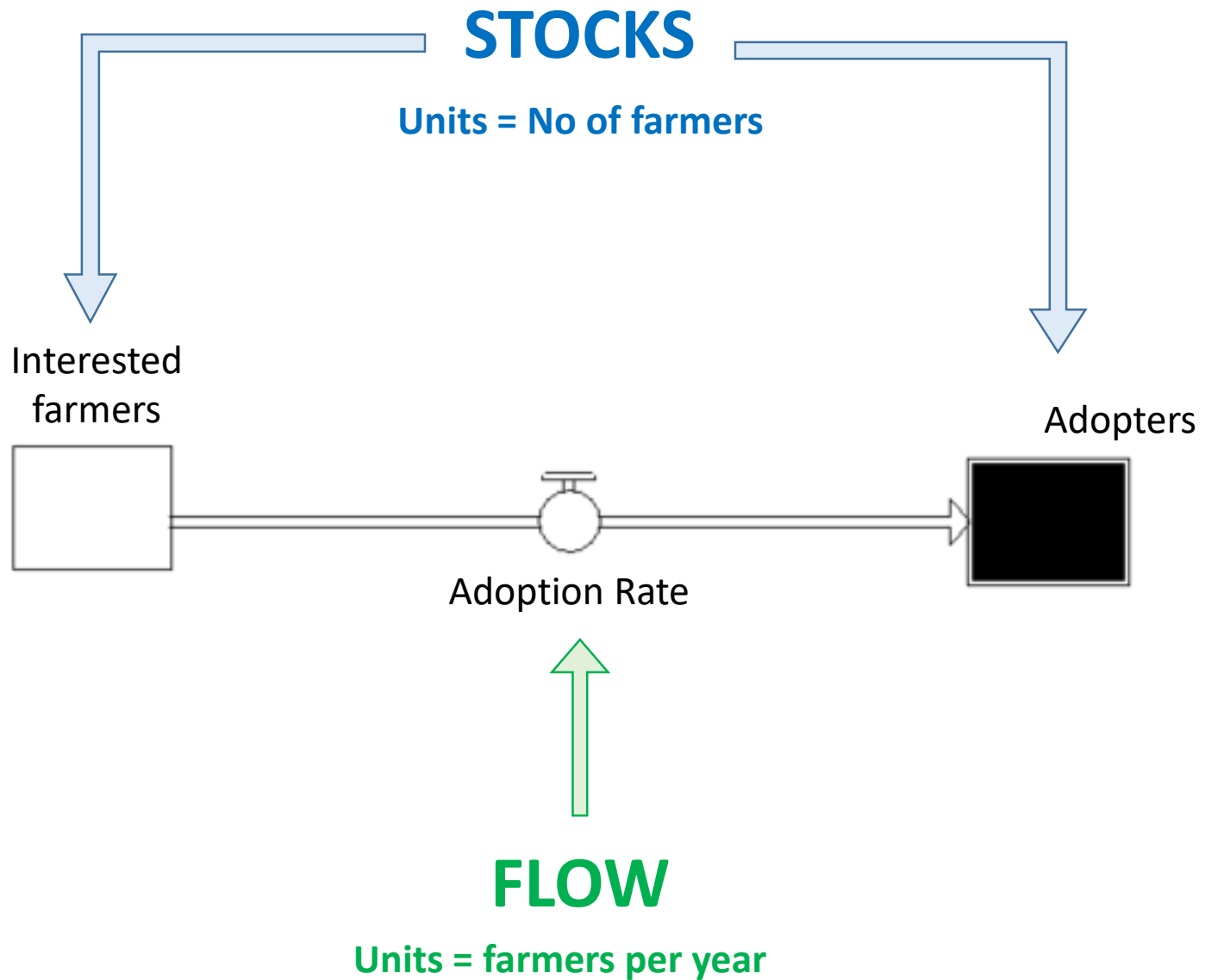
Aim

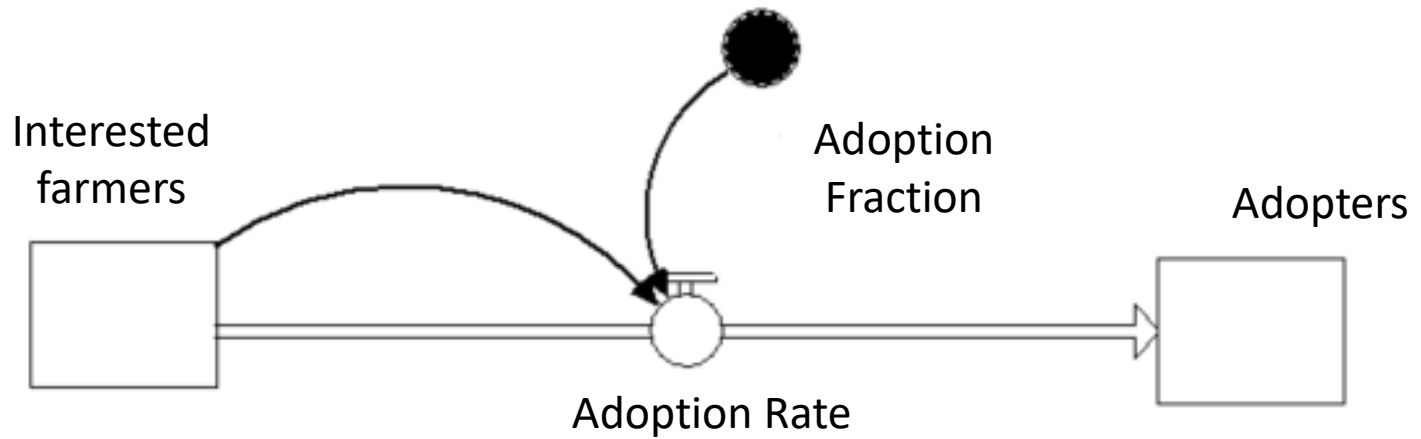
To demonstrate the effect of peer social influence on farmer adoption decision making processes using system dynamics modelling

*Specific focus on Word of Mouth,
Acknowledging that there are other
factors that influence adoption*

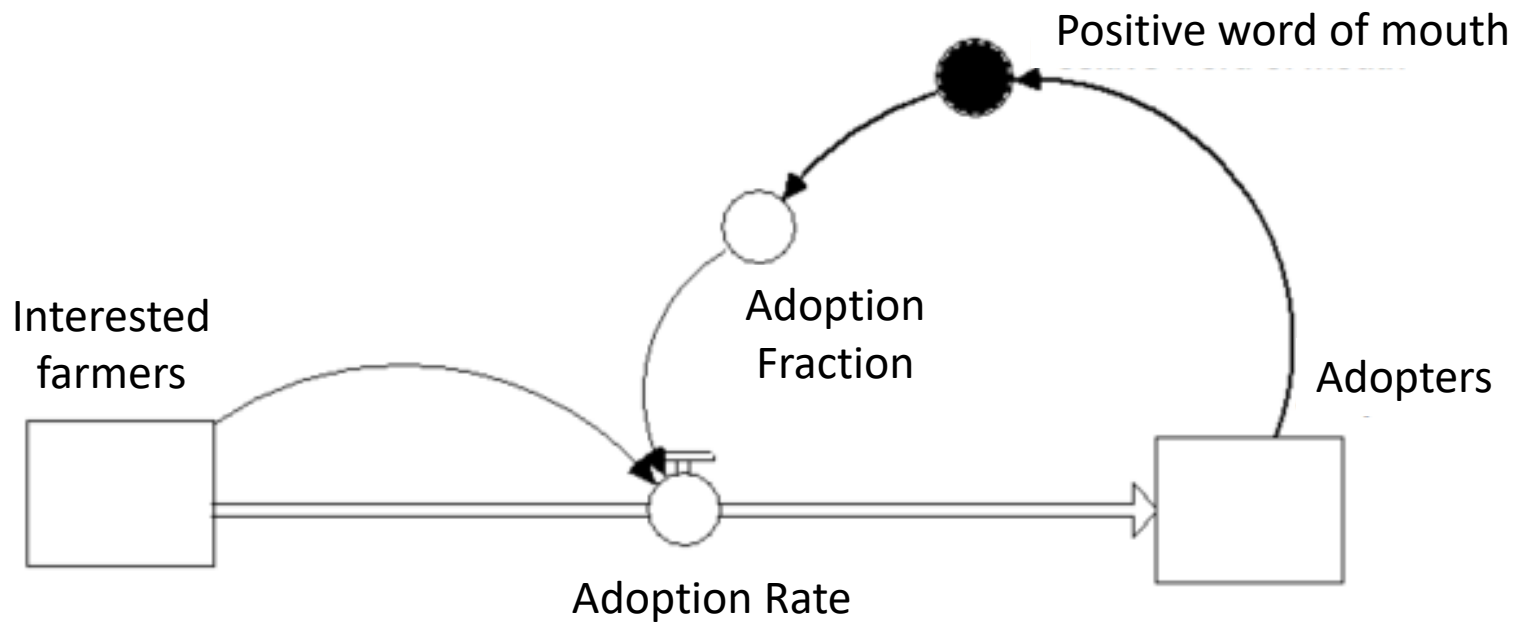
System Dynamics Model

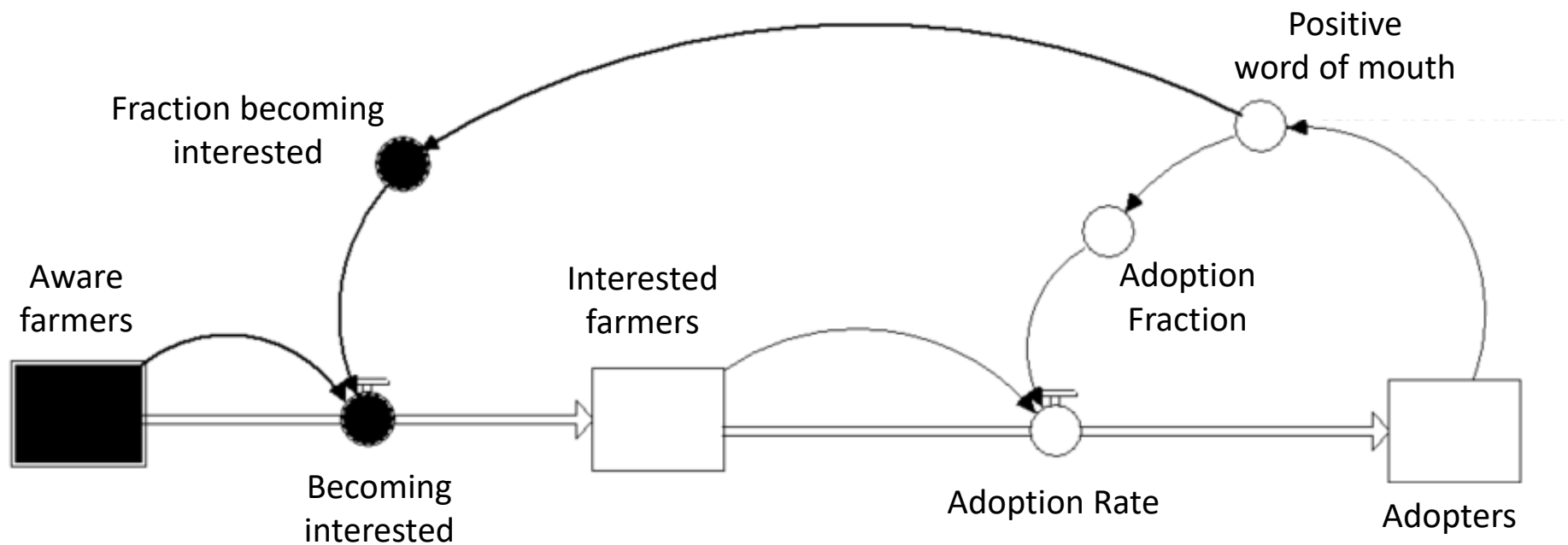
Positive Word of Mouth





$$\text{Adoption Rate} = \text{Interested farmers} \times \text{Adoption fraction}$$





Narrative data – exploratory interviews

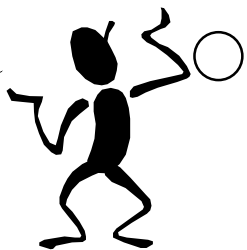
“Farmers tend to be very (pause). We call it in Afrikaans, **Tropdiere (herd animals)**, so if one guy, (he paused again). That’s an important point. If one guy plants N41 and it works. And they talk at the golf club or whatever, some guys will plant it **without even thinking. Without doing a plan or research. They will just do it.** The other guys are doing it. If one guy says that Mazda is the best bakkie you can get and he buys it, and then another guy and another guy, then they all buy it.”

**“And the same with irrigation.
You get followers and leaders.”**

Question:

You like to test an innovation. Prove that it works.
Are other farmers like you? How do they decide?

Farmer A



“You must do a fact finding mission. It’s the same with these new systems. We must investigate. That’s what I did with this guy (referring to an irrigation advisory consultant). I phoned him and said he must make me a proposition on how I must start with this new system. It’s expensive.”

Question:

What is the actual process when investigating irrigation scheduling probes with this consultant?



Farmer C

But, you know my friend, my neighbour, he has already used it, he will tell me and he is very happy with it. I phoned up my friend and said you have been with it now for a year and half, are you still happy? That's what I find out first. Is the system still up and running? Is it operating? Is it done properly? Is it done as it should be? Then I got the green light there – then I phone the consultant and say let's talk again."

Question:

What is the actual process when investigating irrigation scheduling probes with this consultant?



Farmer C

Phone a friend. Mostly. Or talk to Extension.

Ya, normally you would phone a guy who you know has a good business running. I won't ask one guy also, I will ask a couple of guys.

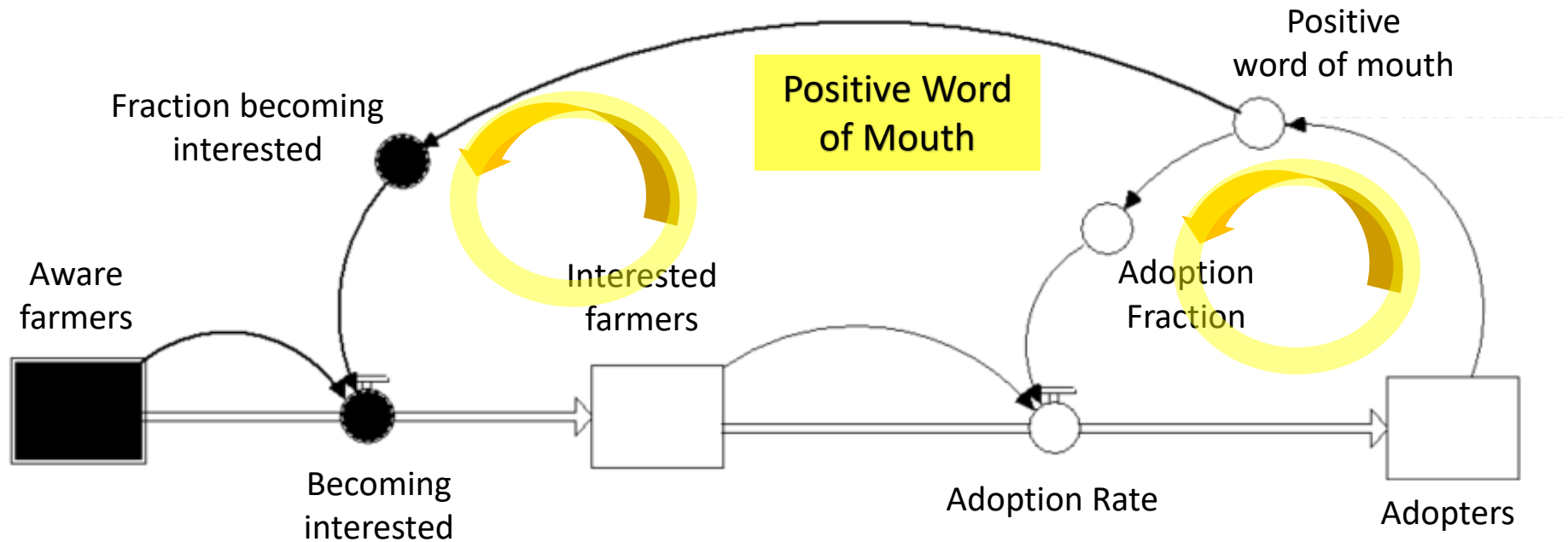
Question:

If you ever have some problems on the farm. Who do you seek advice from – how does it work?

Farmer D



Circular Feedback



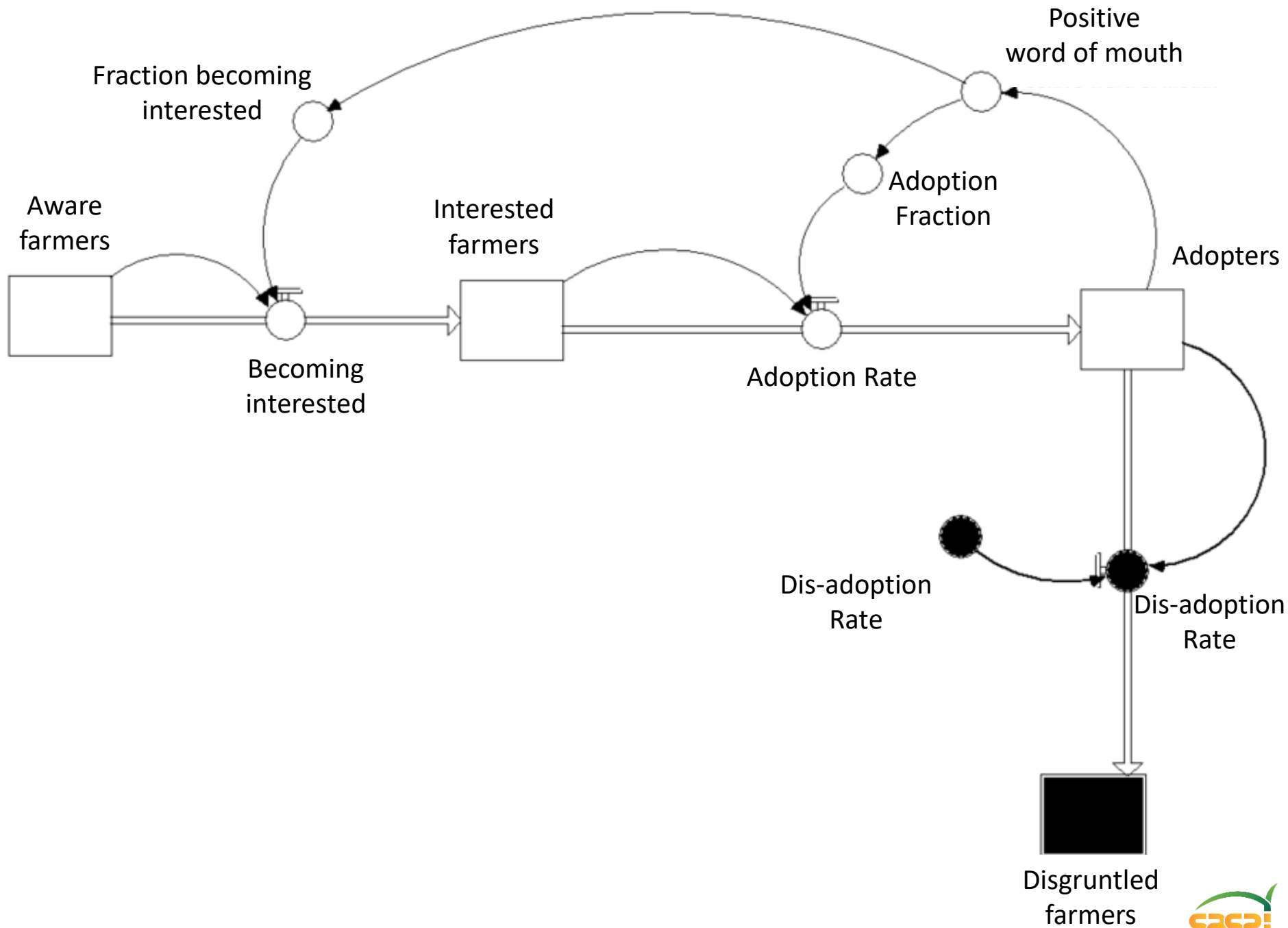
Structure

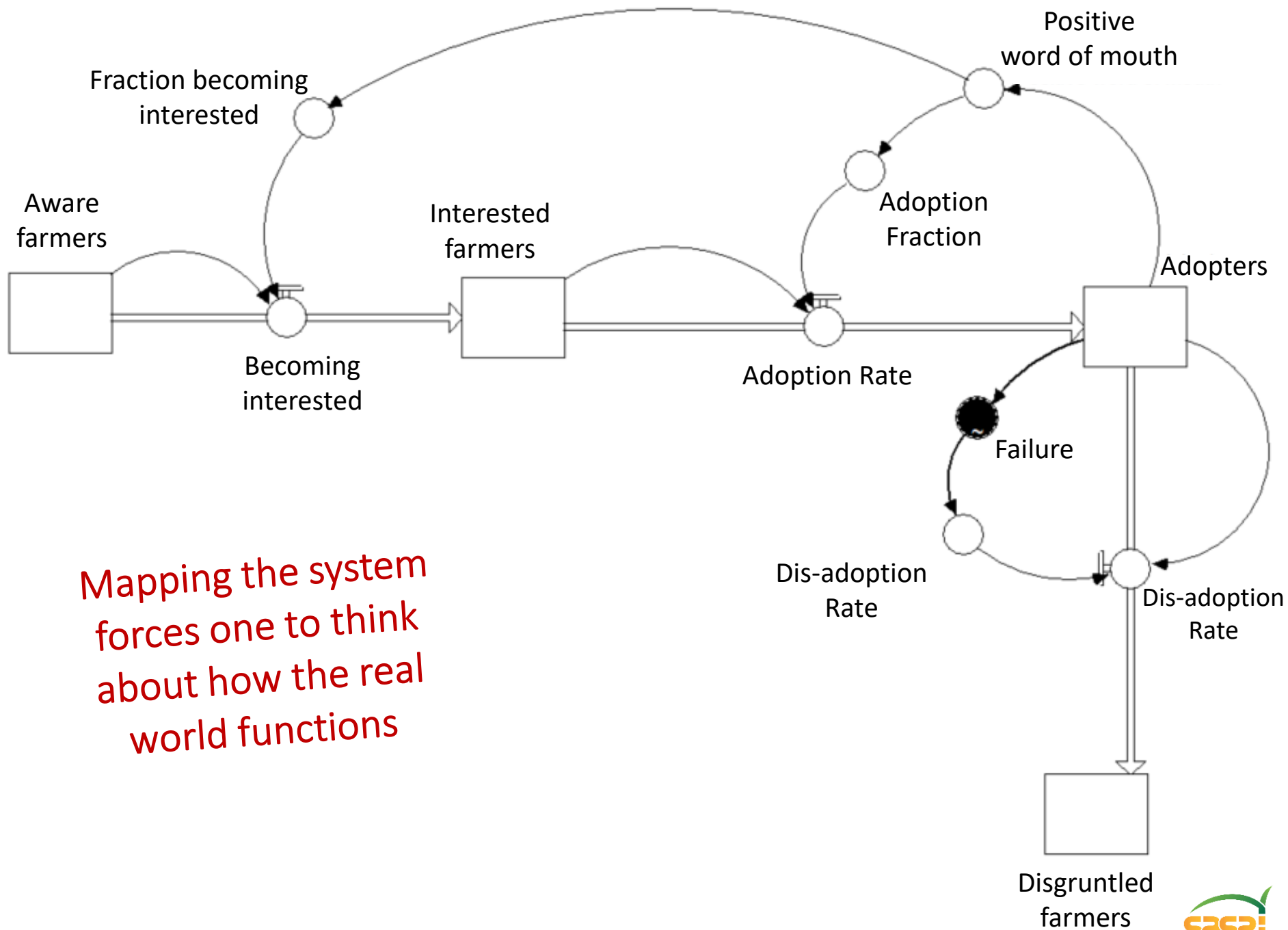
System

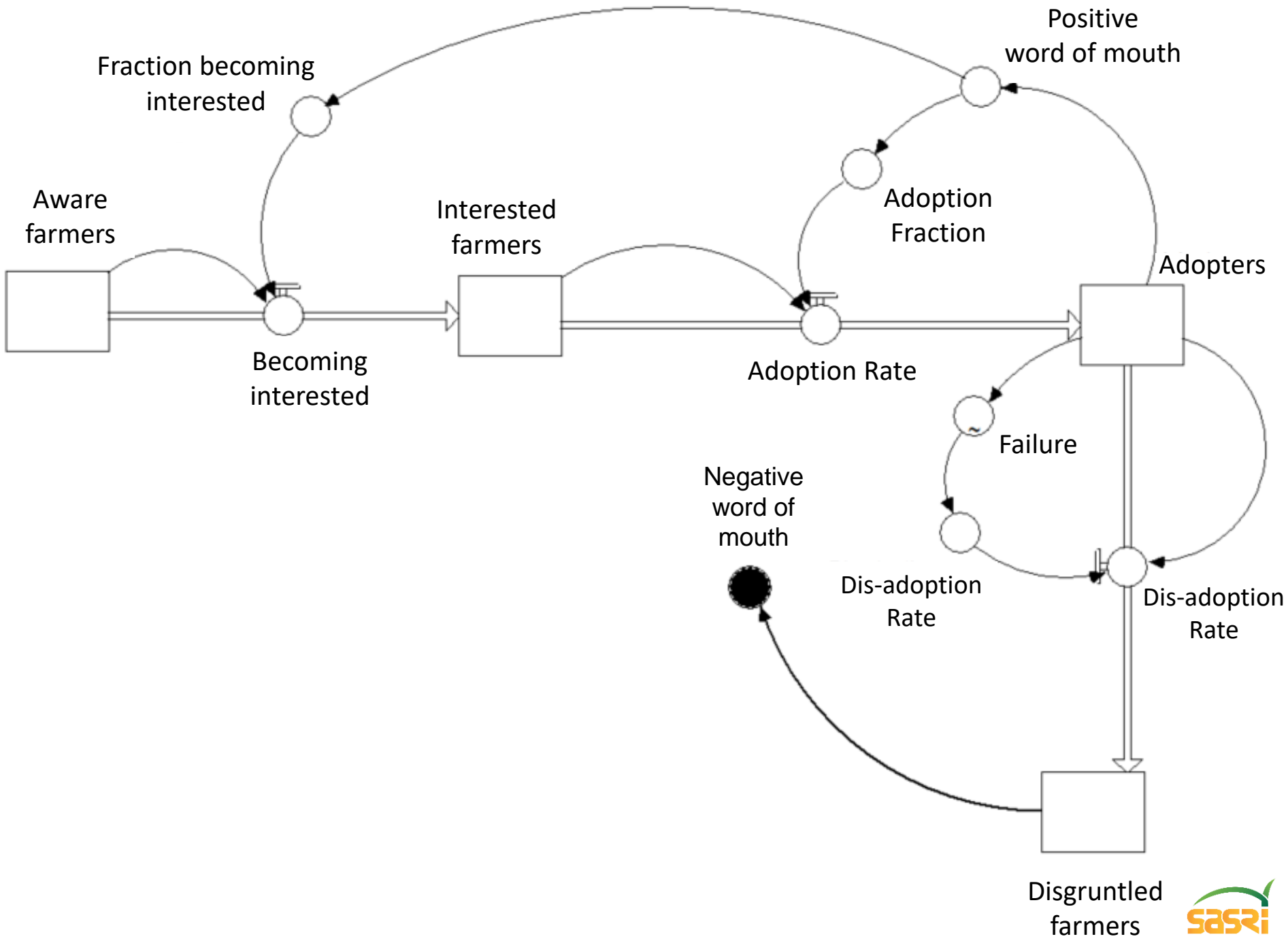
Causation

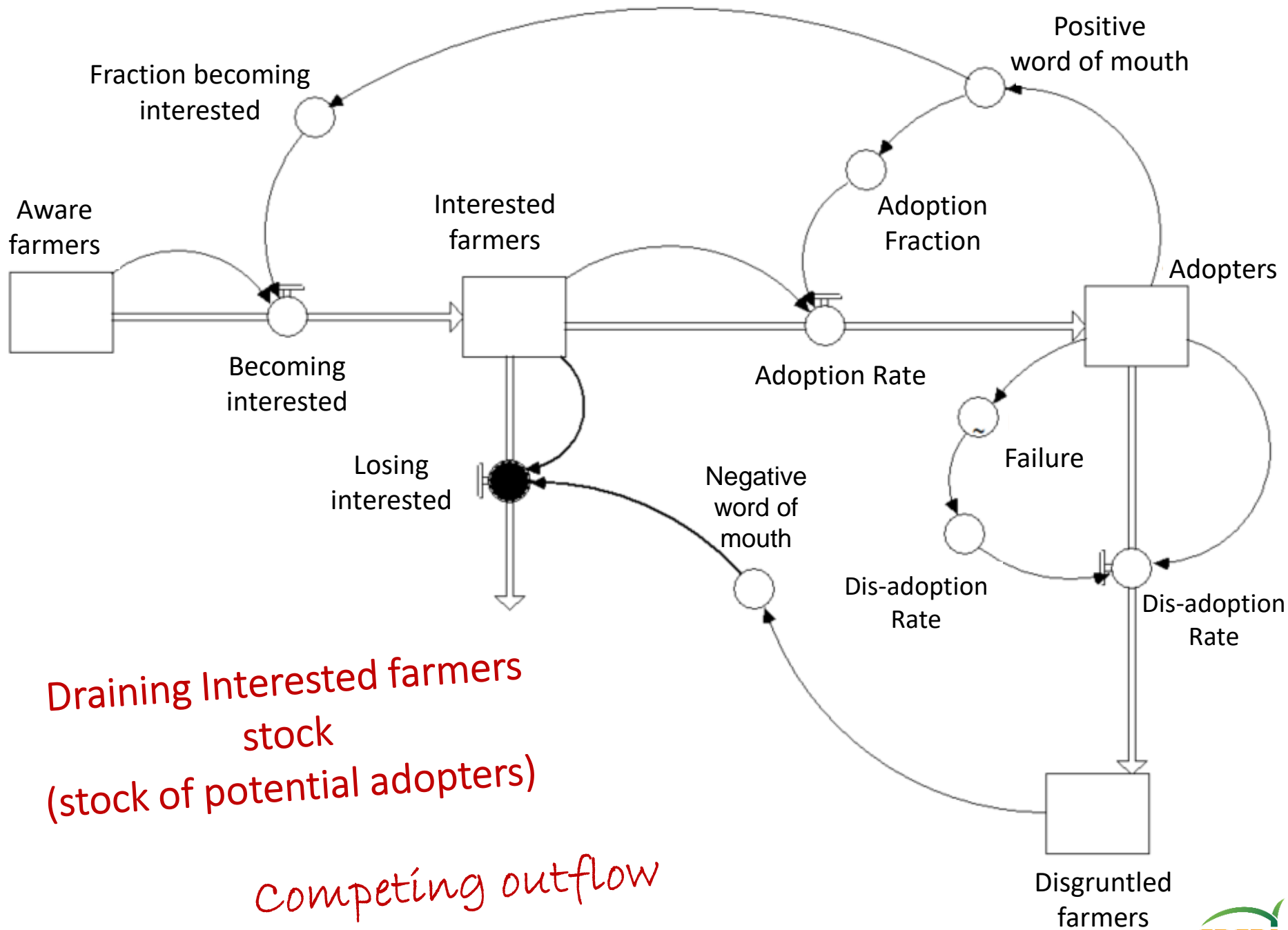
System Dynamics Model

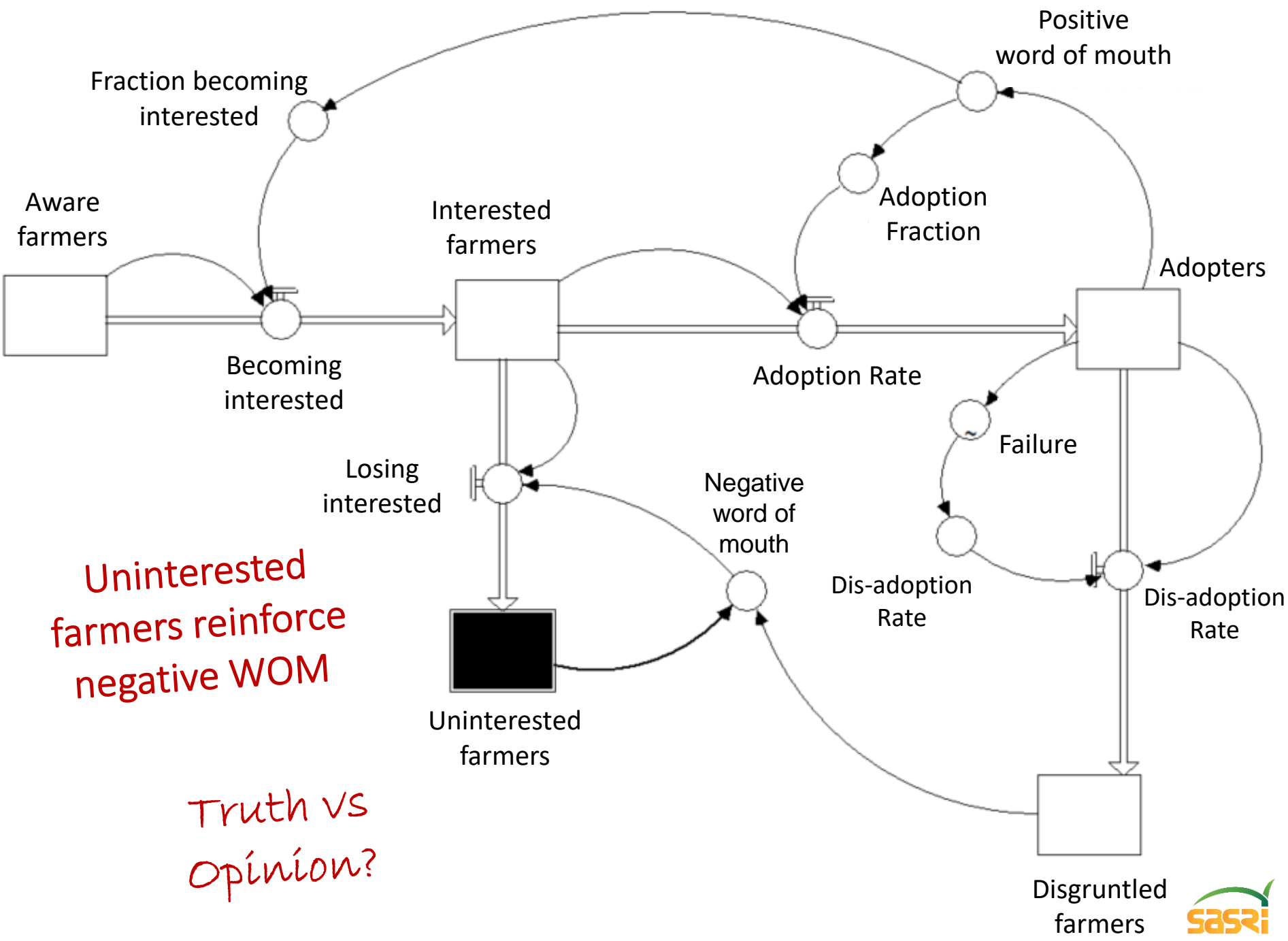
Negative Word of Mouth

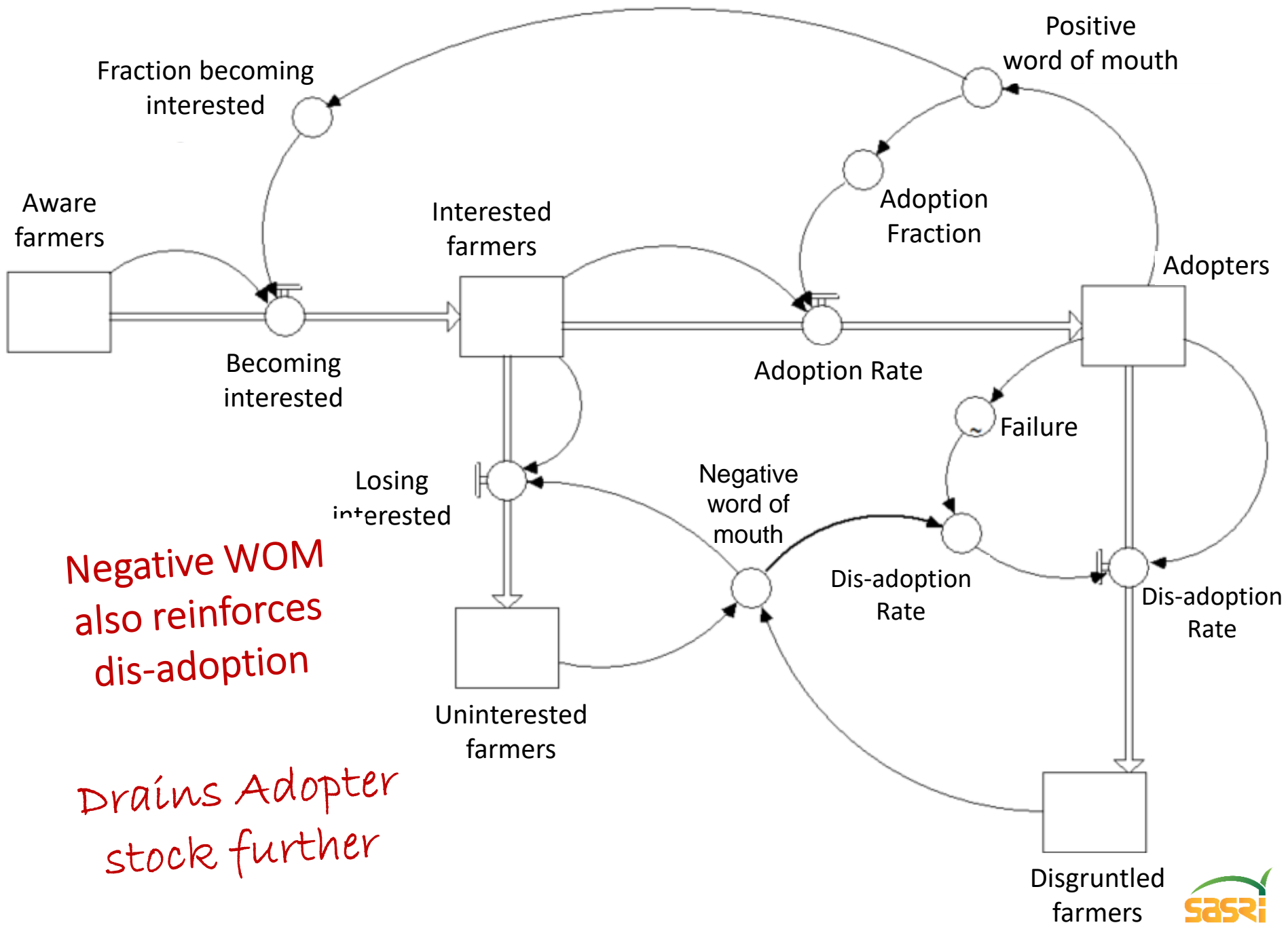


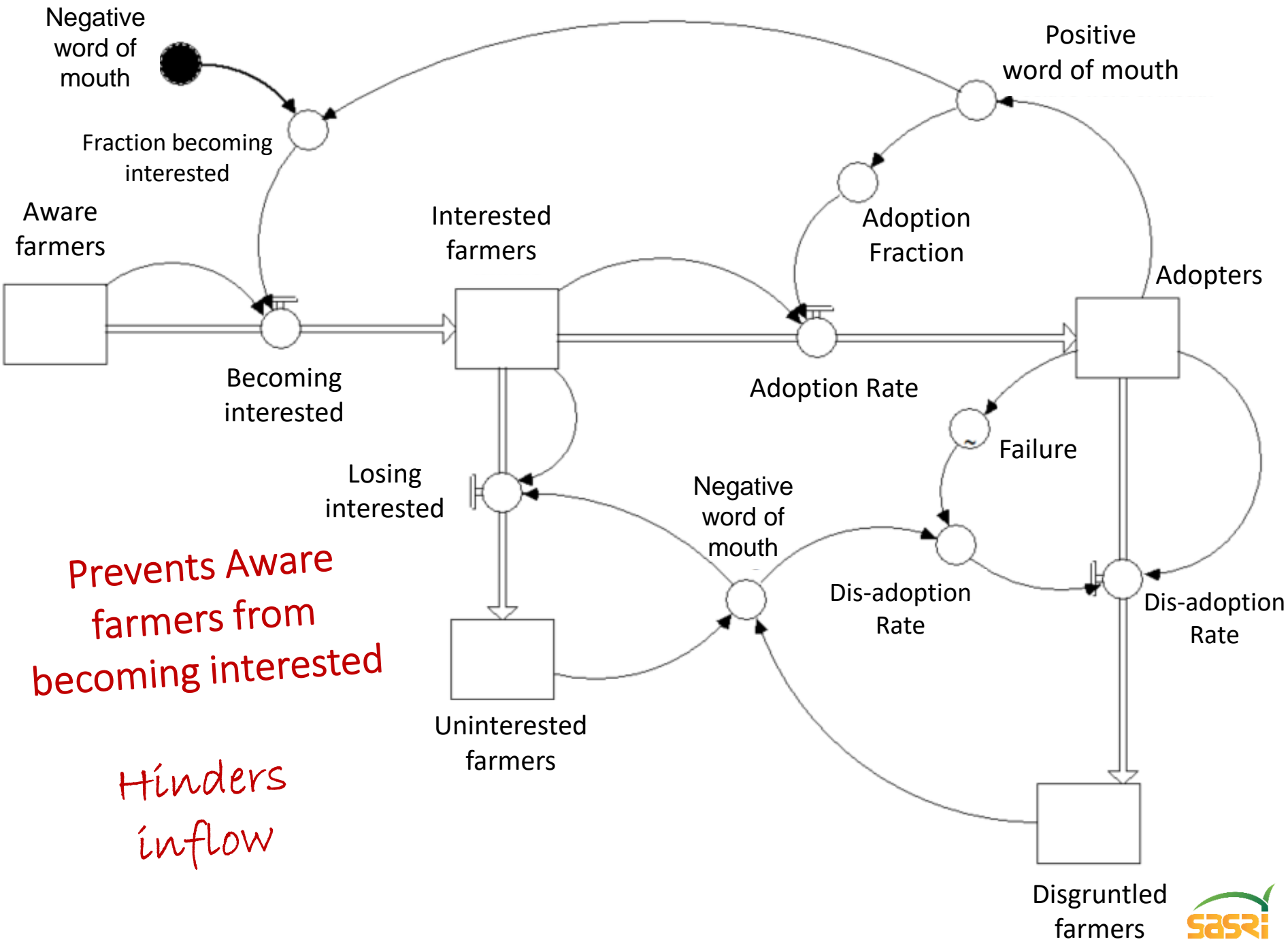


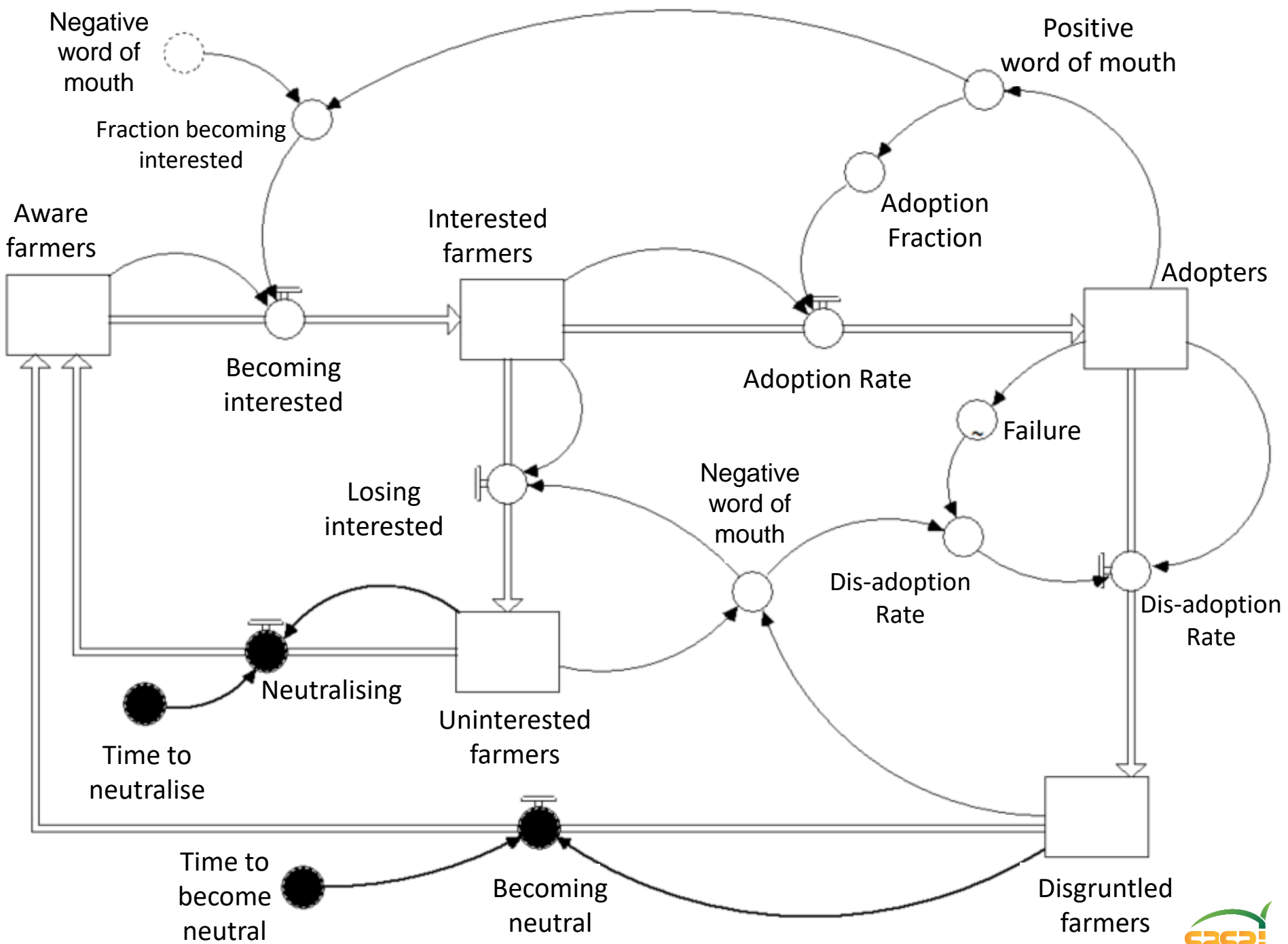


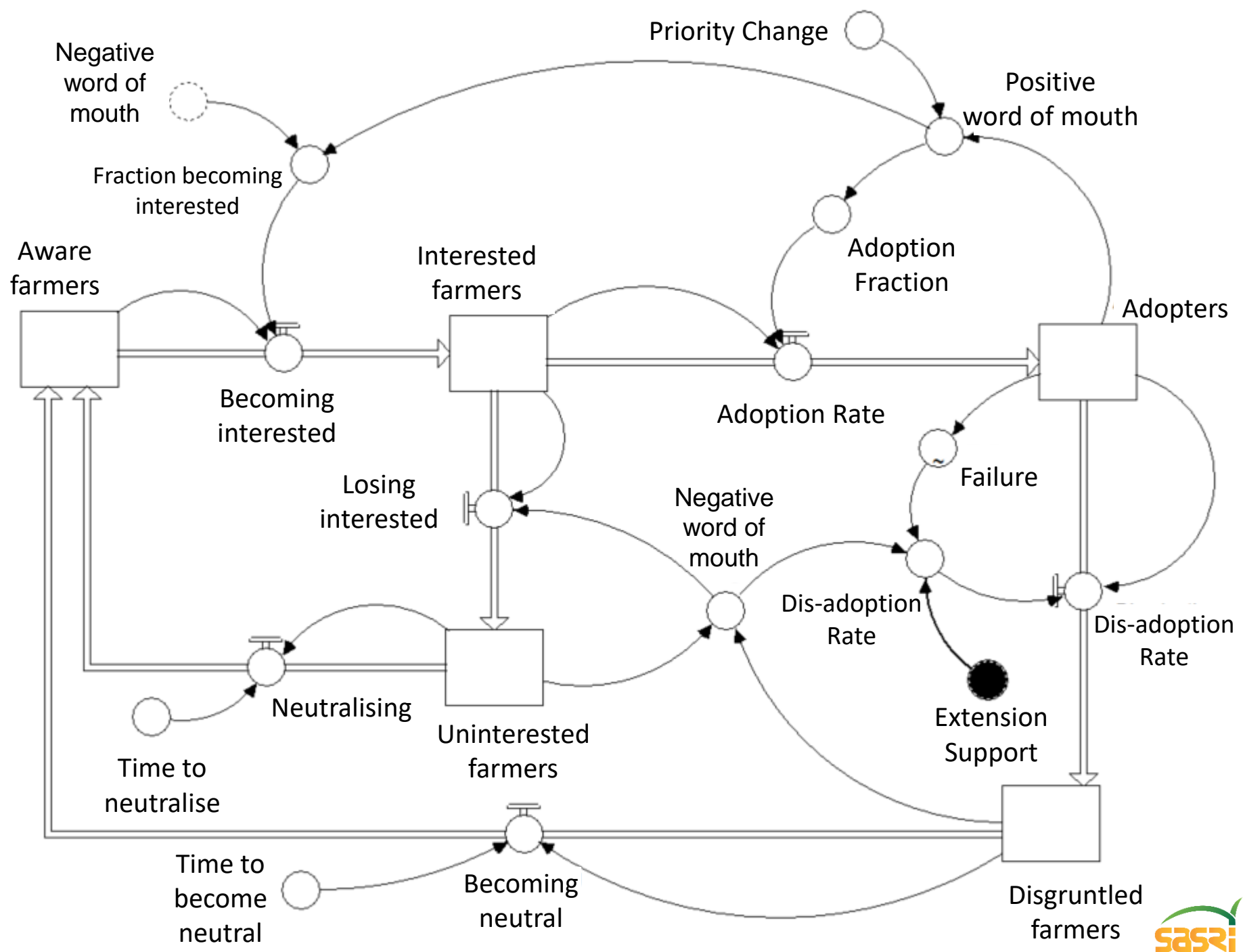












Model Simulation

Model Initial Conditions

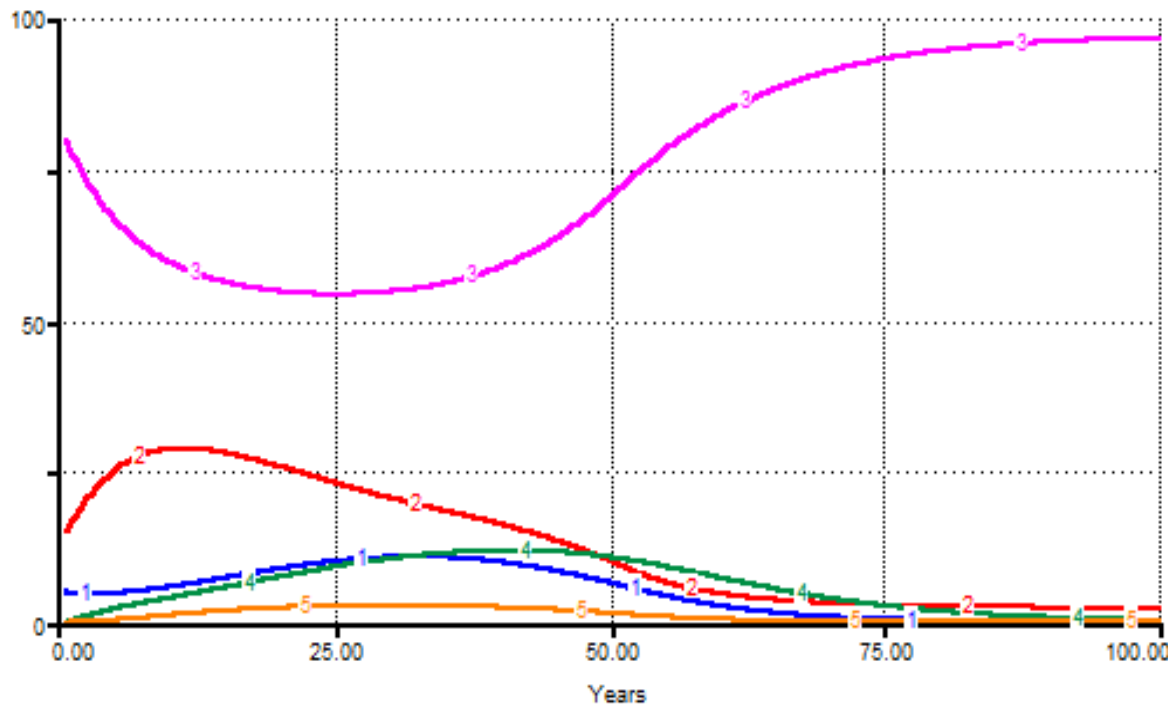
Aware Farmers = 80

Interested farmers = 15

Adopters = 5

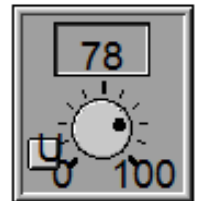
Disgruntled farmers = 0

Uninterested farmers = 0



Adoption Failure Mode

Failure eliminated
by extension
support



Model Initial Conditions

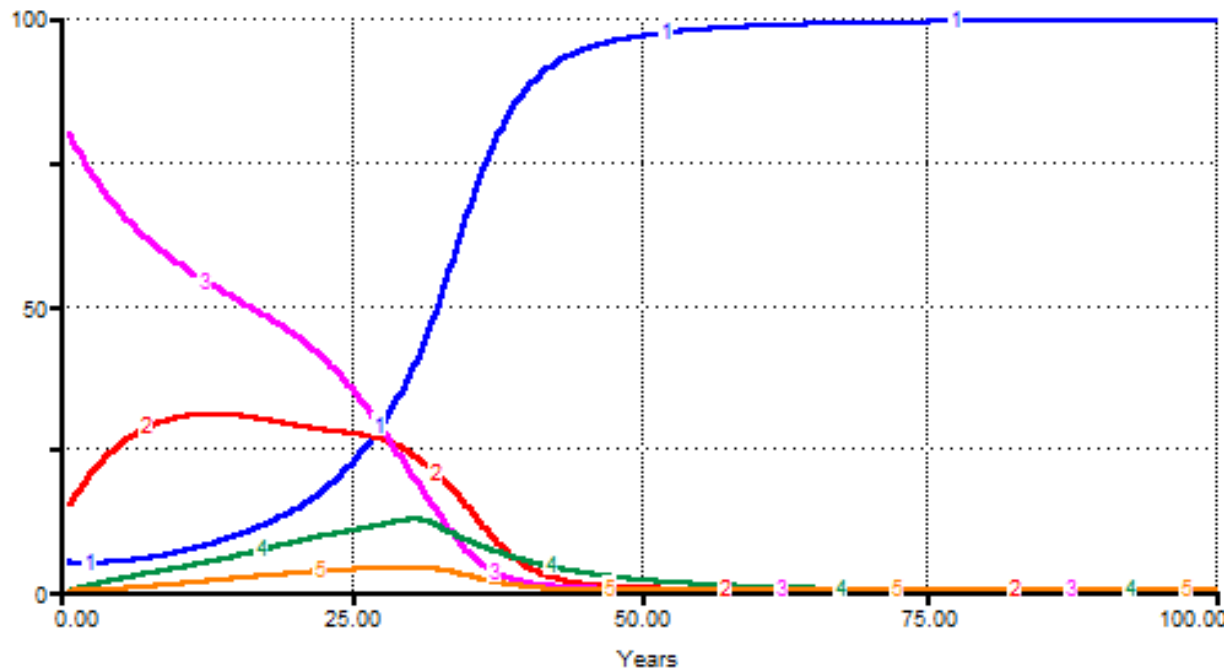
Aware Farmers = 80

Interested farmers = 15

Adopters = 5

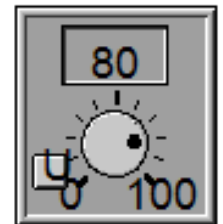
Disgruntled farmers = 0

Uninterested farmers = 0

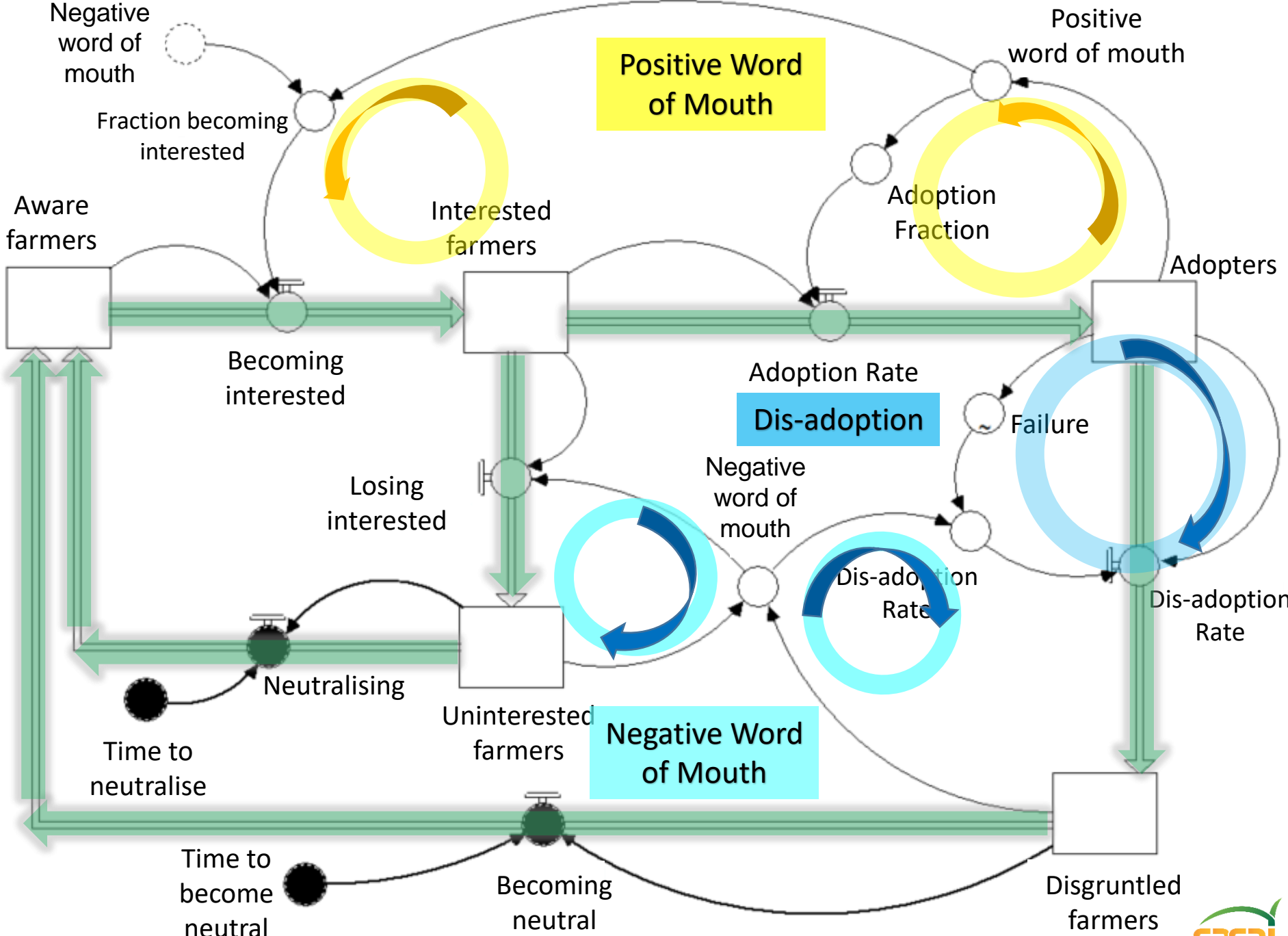


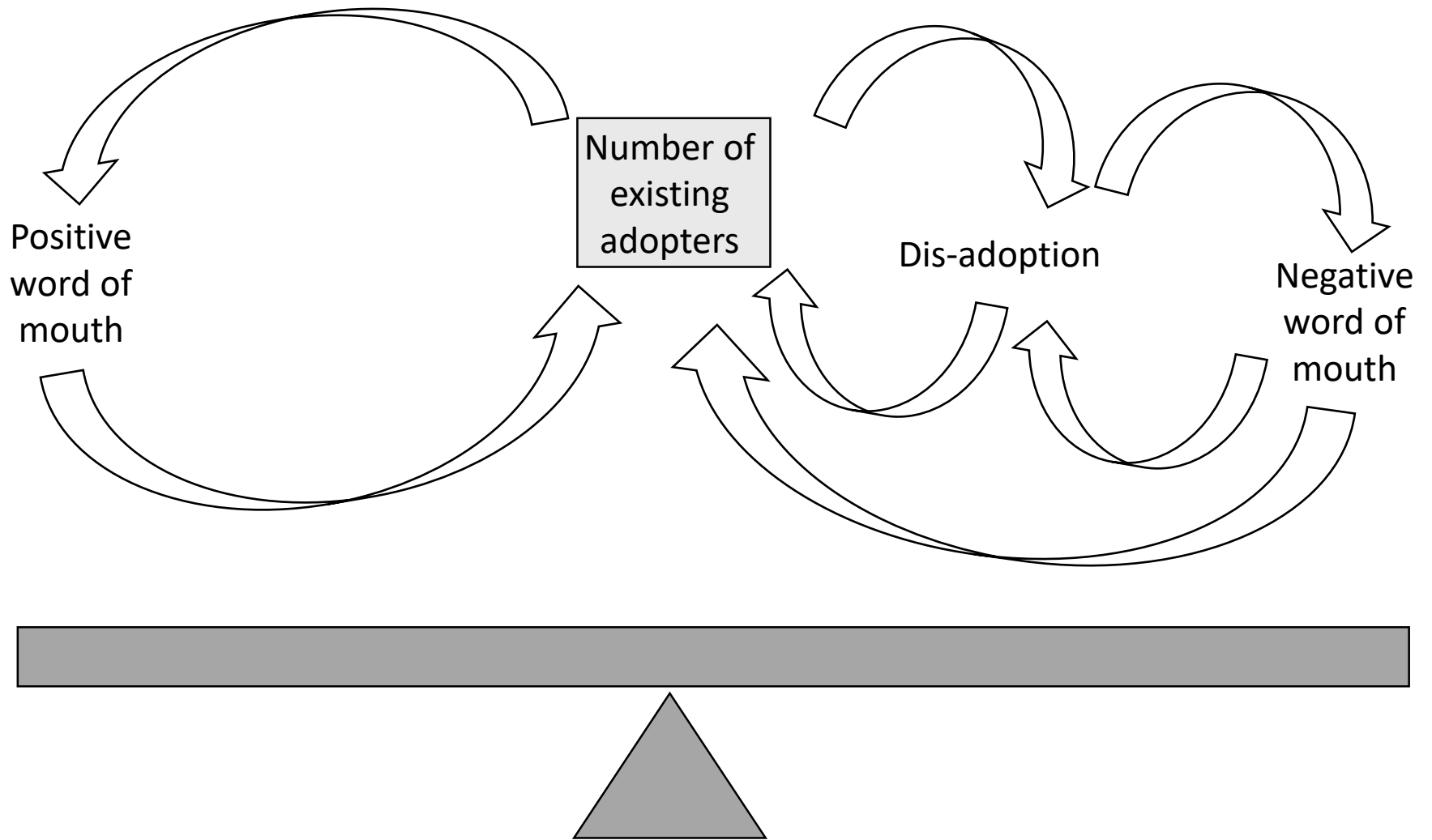
Adoption Success Mode

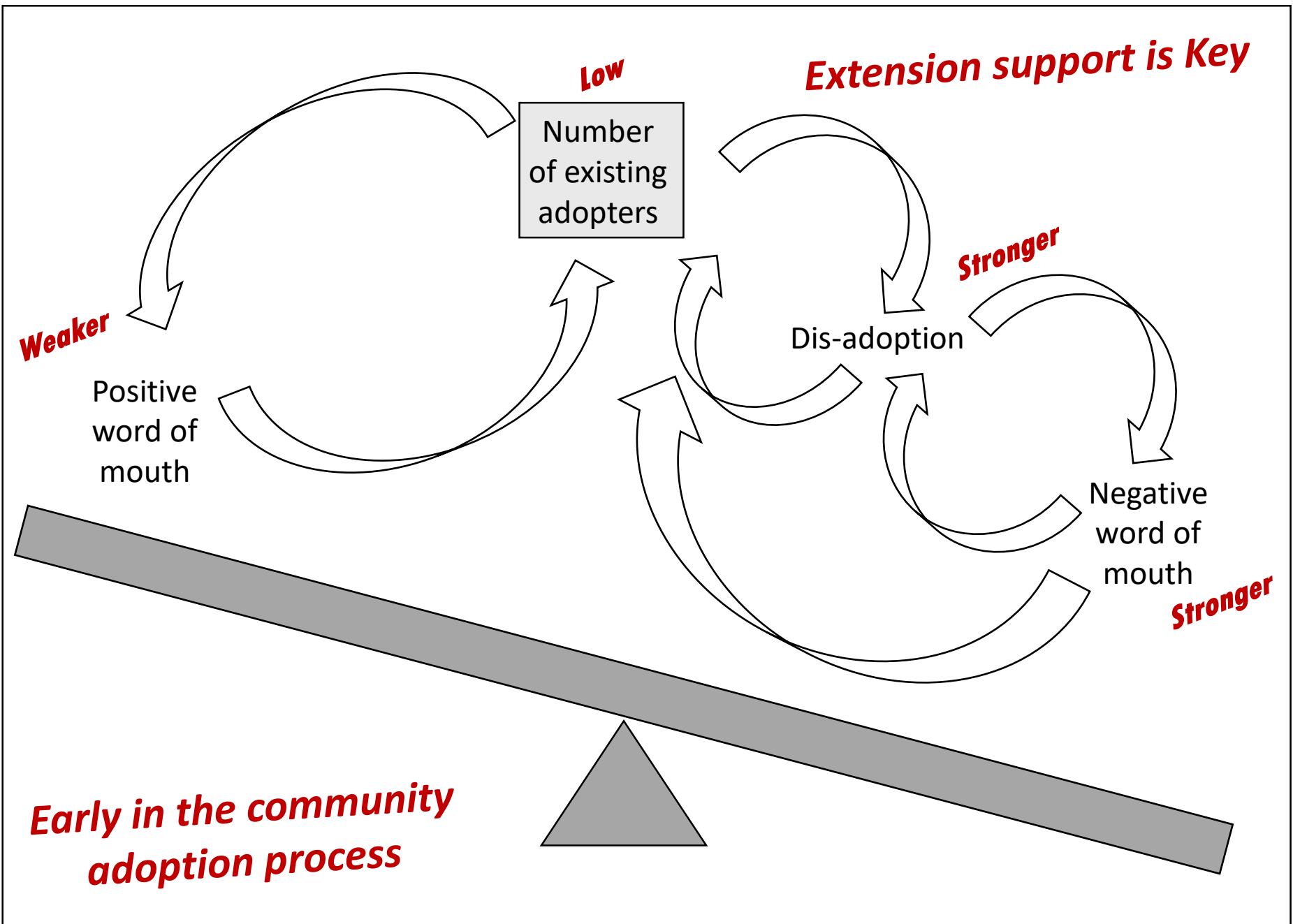
Failure eliminated
by extension
support



Conclusions







Outcomes

- Well received by Extension Specialists
- System Dynamics model resonated with their real world experiences
- Many further narratives were shared to corroborate model dynamics (e.g. adoption of varieties, IPM & intercrops)



Acknowledgements

- PhD Supervisors: Prof Carel Bezuidenhout & Dr Mark Dent
- Dr Shamim Bodhanya & UKZN Westville System Dynamics group
- SASRI project team, extension specialist & participating farmers



University of
KWAZULU-NATAL